

April 2024

Purpose of the Applicant Briefing



- Overview of the Public Assistance (PA) Program
- Describe the PA process
- Answer general eligibility questions
 - Specific eligibility questions must be answered by FEMA during project development
- Reference Material

Agenda

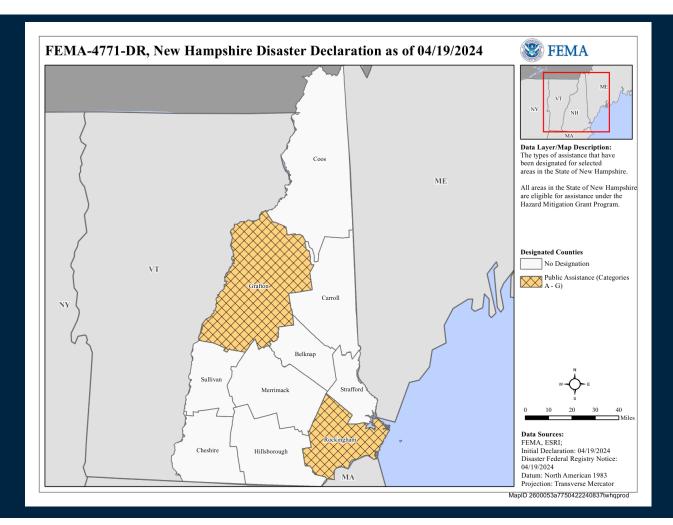


- Major Disaster Declaration Granted
- Explanation of Public Assistance (PA) Program
- Eligibility
- How To Apply For PA
- Project Considerations
- Applicant Next Steps
- Q & A

FEMA-4771-DR-NH



- Declaration Date: April 19, 2024
- Incident Period: January 9-14, 2024
- Incident Type: Severe storm and flooding
- Public Assistance Designated Counties:
 - Grafton and Rockingham
- Hazard Mitigation Grant
 Program
 - Statewide





The Public Assistance Program

Overview

The Basics



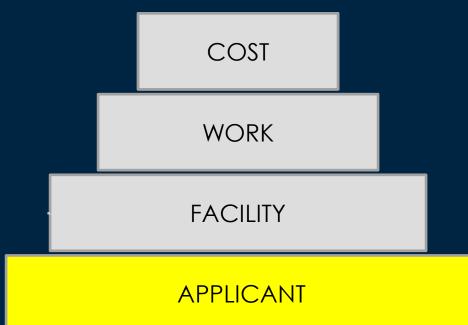
- The Public Assistance Grant program is designed to assist in the restoration of community infrastructure.
- Reimbursement-based program.
- Federal and Local cost share.
- Public Assistance operates under the following Authorities, Statutes and Regulations:
 - <u>Stafford Act</u>
 - <u>2 CFR</u>
 - <u>44 CFR</u>
 - Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide (PAPPG)

How is Eligibility Determined?



Applicants That Are Eligible For Public Assistance:

- State
- Tribal
- Local
- Critical Private Non-Profits

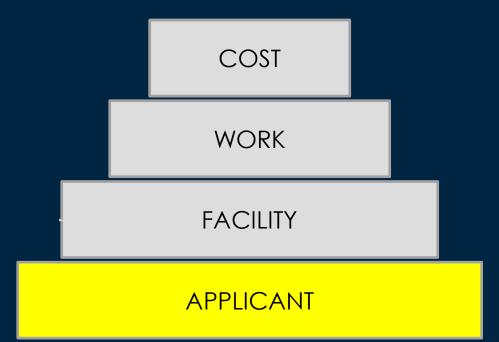


Private Nonprofits (PNP)



To be eligible for PA funding, a PNP must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Provide critical or essential governmenttype services
- 2. Be a tax-exempt nonprofit
- 3. Non-critical PNP's must provide services to the public
 - Must apply for an SBA loan prior to applying for PA <u>no later than June 18, 2024</u>

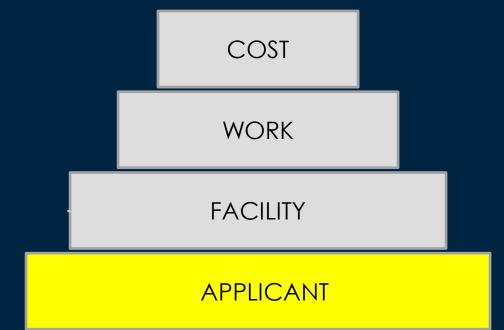


PNP – Critical Services



Own or operate facilities that provide the following critical services are eligible for emergency and permanent work:

- Education
- Utility
- Medical
- Emergency Services



PNP – Non-Critical, Essential Services



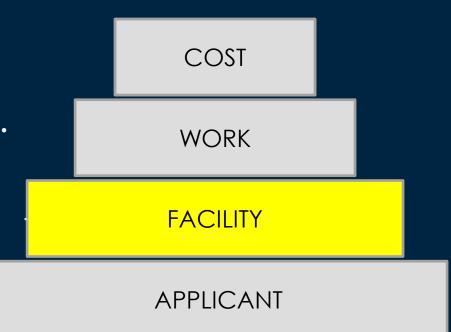
- Essential service facilities are eligible for **emergency work**.
- The PNP must apply to the Small Business Administration (SBA) for a disaster loan for permanent repair work.
- If the PNP is denied an SBA loan, FEMA may fund the repairs for:
 - Assisted Living Facilities
 - Community Centers
 - Houses of Worship
 - Libraries
 - Homeless Shelters
 - Food Assistance Programs
 - Rehabilitation Facilities
 - Senior Citizen/Childcare Centers
 - And other facilities that provide health and safety services of a governmental nature and are open to the general public.

Types of Facilities



Eligible Facilities Must Be:

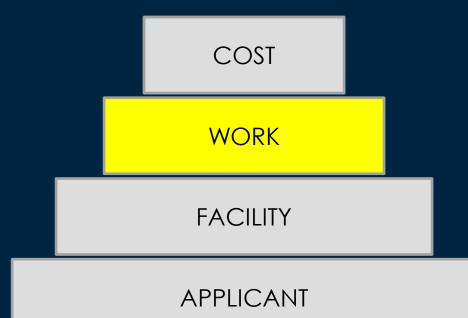
- In the declared disaster area.
- Damaged by the declared event.
- In active use and open at time of disaster.
- Legal Responsibility of the Applicant.



Categories of Work



- A: Debris Removal
- B: Emergency Protective
 Measures
- C: Roads/Bridges
- D: Water Control Facilities
- E: Buildings/Equipment
- F: Utilities
- G: Parks, Recreational, and Other Facilities



Categories of Work





Emergency Work: Address an immediate threat Permanent Work: Restoration of Eligible Facilities under Categories C-G

Emergency Work: Category A Debris Removal



- Eliminates an immediate threat to lives, public health and safety or public property
- Types of Debris:
 - Vegetative debris
 - Demolition debris
 - Sand, mud, silt, gravel, rocks boulders
 - Damaged vehicles
- Cradle to Grave



Force Account Labor for Eligible Debris Removal



- The Applicant may elect to participate in the Alternative Procedures for debris removal.
- Allows potential reimbursement for straight-time of the Applicant's budgeted employees which conduct debris removal activities.
- The Applicant opts-in by including straight-time in their debris removal (Category A) project claims.
- This is a change from previous disasters where only overtime and comp time were eligible for Category A work.

Emergency Work: Category B Emergency Protective Measures



Emergency protective measures to save lives and Public health- examples:

- Flood Fighting, sandbagging, road closures
- Security, barricades, law enforcement
- EOC operating costs
- Evacuation and sheltering

Emergency protective measures to protect improved

Property – examples:

- Construction of emergency berms or levees,
- Emergency Slope Stabilization
- Emergency repairs to roads, bridges, buildings, utilities, etc.



Category B - Emergency Access



- When an incident causes damage or debris that blocks access to essential community services
- Work related to providing access may be eligible, such as:
 - Clearing debris from access facility
 - Conducting emergency repairs to an access facility (e.g. road or bridge)
- Eligible work is limited to what is necessary for access to remain passable

Category B - Emergency Access



Emergency repairs to privately-owned roads, including those within gated communities, may be eligible only when ALL the following conditions are met:

- There is no other access point;
- Repair of the damage economically eliminates the need for temporary housing; and
- The Applicant completes all legal processes and obtains rights-of-entry and agreements to indemnify and hold harmless the Federal Government.

Categories C-G - Permanent Work





Must restore the facility to its <u>pre-disaster design</u>, function, size and capacity



Must be a result of the declared disaster



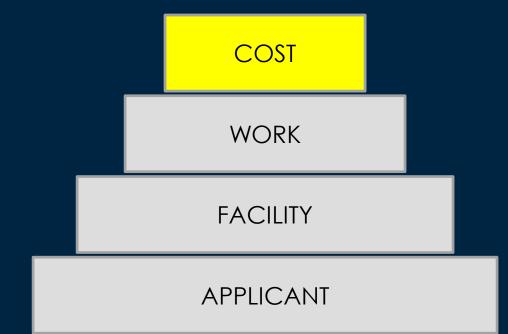
Should include cost effective mitigation, when possible

How is Eligibility Determined?



Costs must be:

- Tied to eligible work
- Adequately documented
- Consistent with Applicant's internal policies and procedures
- Necessary and reasonable to accomplish the repairs



Types of Eligible Costs



Force Account Labor (FAL):

- Applicant's personnel
- Actual hourly rates plus fringe benefits, such as:
 - Holiday leave;
 - Sick leave;
 - Retirement;
 - Health insurance, etc.

Types of Eligible Costs Cont.



Table 5. Emergency Work Labor Eligibility			
Emergency Work Labor Eligibility			
Budgeted Employee Hours	Overtime	Straight-Time	
Permanent employee	\checkmark		
Part-time or seasonal employee working during normal			
hours or season of employment			
Unbudgeted Employee Hours	Overtime	Straight-Time	
Reassigned employee funded from external source	\checkmark		
Essential employee called back from furlough	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\overline{\mathbf{V}}}$	
Temporary employee hired to perform eligible work	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	
Part-time or seasonal employee working outside normal			
hours or season of employment			

Types of Eligible Costs Cont.



- Applicant-Owned and Purchased Equipment – Equipment rates
- Leased and Rented Equipment
- Contracted Work
- Materials
 - Purchased
 - -Stock

Ineligible Costs



🗠 Loss of revenue

Loss of useful service life

Tax assessments

Increased operating costs

X Deferred maintenance

Factors That Impact Permanent Work Projects



Elements that may affect the scope of work and funding of a project include:

- EHP (Environmental Historic Preservation)
- Insurance
- Floodplain Management
- Hazard Mitigation

EHP- Consideration for Permanent work



- EHP takes into consideration endangered species, wetlands, environmental impact of work, and potential historical sites
- EHP reviews are conducted on every PA project
- Applicant is responsible for complying with all State and Federal Environmental laws when conducting repairs
- NH DES CONTACT INFORMATION:
 - Phone: 603-271-3710
 - Email: <u>permit-coordination@des.nh.gov</u>
- U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS CONTACT INFORMATION:
 - Email: <u>cenae-pa@usace.army.mil</u>

Insurance



- Actual or anticipated insurance proceeds will be deducted from the eligible project costs for facilities that are insured.
- Applicants that receive PA funding for permanent work to replace, repair, reconstruct, or construct a facility must obtain and maintain insurance to protect the facility against future loss.
 - If the Applicant does not maintain the required insurance from a previous disaster, then the facility is ineligible for PA funding in a subsequent disaster, regardless of the hazard(s) that caused the damage

Floodplain Management



- Any project within or affecting the floodplain must be reviewed to ensure that it meets the requirements of the Executive Orders on Floodplain Management and the Protection of Wetlands.
- For flood damaged facilities located within a Special Flood Hazard Area that are not covered by flood insurance, Federal assistance will be reduced by the maximum flood insurance proceeds that would have been payable had the facility been insured.



Hazard Mitigation: FEMA 406





Mitigation of incident caused damage.



Funding is available only for disaster damaged facilities.



Mitigation is written as part of applicant PA projects.



Cost effective.

Benefit Cost Analysis



- A BCA is based on a comparison of the total estimated cost for the PA mitigation measure to the total value of expected benefits to society.
- FEMA's BCA methodology considers common project benefits, which include reductions in the magnitude or frequency of:
 - Damage to the facility and its contents;
 - The need for emergency protective measures;
 - The need for temporary facilities;
 - Loss of function;
 - Casualties (typically included only for earthquake, tornado, and wildfire mitigation); and
 - Previous impacts regardless of whether the impacts occurred in Federal declarations (only if documented).

State 404 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)



- Multi-hazard Statewide competitive mitigation grant program.
- Funding is available for communities impacted by the disaster and communities outside of the declared areas.
- Sub-Applicants must have a FEMA-Approved Local Hazard Mitigation.
 Plan at the time of obligation of grant funds and projects must be consistent with the plan's goals and objectives.
- Eligible activities can be located within the HMGP Brochure on the HSEM Resource Center.

Contact: HMGP Staff



If interested in learning more about HMPG please contact: <u>NH.HM@dos.nh.gov</u>

Capped Projects



- FEMA provides three options that provide flexibility for the Applicant to use PA funding differently than restoring the predisaster design and function of the facility
 - 1. Improved Project
 - 2. Alternate Project
 - 3. Alternative Procedures Pilot Program
- For these options, FEMA caps the amount of PA funding based on the estimated amount to restore the damaged facility to its pre-disaster design and function.

Reasonable Costs



- A cost is reasonable if, in its nature and amount, it does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person under the circumstances prevailing at the time the Applicant makes the decision to incur the cost.
- FEMA takes into consideration if the cost is comparable to the current market price for similar goods or services in the same geographical area. Based on:
 - Historical documentation (previous contracts, invoices, or other documentation).
 - Average costs in the area.
 - Published unit costs from national cost estimating databases.

Federal Procurement Guidelines



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All applicants must comply with Federal Procurement standards in 2 CFR § 200.320



Applicants must use their own documented procurement procedures that should reflect all applicable State, Local and Federal laws



If the applicant does not have a procurement policy, they **must** follow the State or Federal Policy, <u>whichever is stricter</u>

Federal Procurement Methods



- Local governments and PNPs must use one of the following procurement methods:
 - Micro-purchase
 - Small Purchase
 - Sealed Bidding
 - Competitive Bidding

Contracts



- FEMA reimburses costs incurred using three types of contract payment obligations:
 - Fixed Price
 - Cost-Reimbursement
 - To a limited extent, time and materials (T&M) contracts
- FEMA does NOT reimburse costs incurred under a cost-plus percentage of cost contract or a contract with a percentage of construction cost method.

Category Z - Management Costs



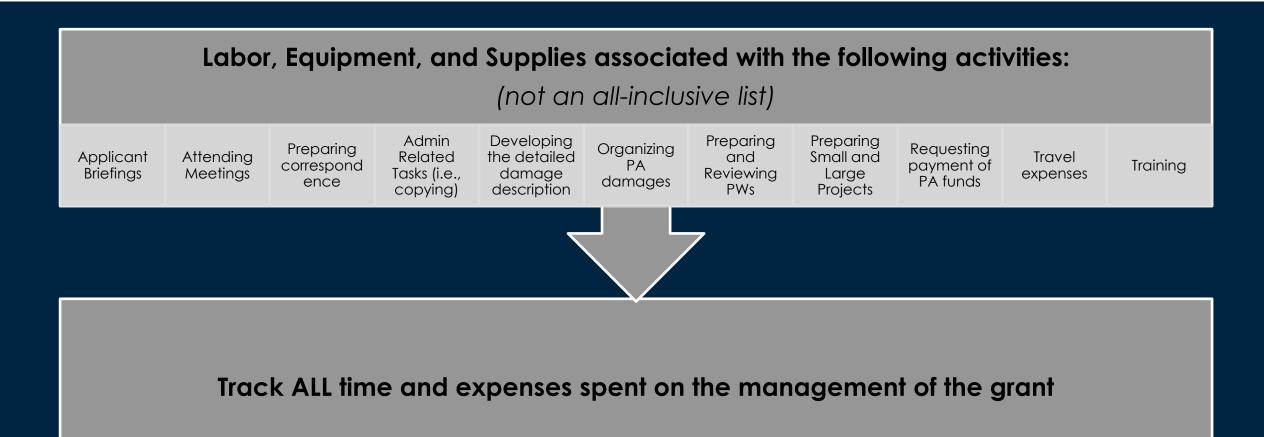
- Administrative costs reimbursed as Management Costs are for costs for activities related to the receipt and administration of PA funding, not on work/activities completed as part of the project.
 - Costs incurred to manage the project/complete the work = project costs (Categories A-G)
 - Cost incurred to manage the PA grant and seek reimbursement from FEMA = Management Costs (MC) (Category Z)

Category Z - Management Costs Cont.

- Reimbursement (per each applicant)
 - up to 5% of the total project amount obligated for the disaster
 - for actual costs incurred only (no excess funds)
 - 100% federal share (no cost share for the Subrecipient)
- Documentation required for all expenses
- Eligible expenses include:
 - Indirect costs
 - Direct Administrative Costs
 - Other administrative expenses associated with the disaster

Category Z - Management Costs Cont.





Donated Resources



- Applicants may use the value of donated resources used for eligible work to offset the non-Federal share if ALL the following conditions are met:
 - The donated resource is from a third party;
 - The donated resource is necessary and reasonable;
 - The applicant uses the resource to perform eligible work; AND
 - The applicant or volunteer tracks the resources and work performed, including description, locations, and hours
- Offset amounts can include unpaid volunteer labor, donated equipment, and donated materials.



STAFFORD ACT PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROCESS



Request for Public Assistance



- Applicants must submit a Request for Public Assistance (RPA) to HSEM no later than <u>May 17, 2024</u>.
- Each entity that would like to participate in the PA Program must submit this form
- Applicants can submit an RPA in <u>Grants Portal</u>, or through the <u>HSEM</u> <u>Resource Center</u>

DEP	ARTME	IT OF HOM	ELAND SEC	CURITY					
Federal Emergency Management Agency						OMB Control Number 1660-0017			
REQUEST FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE						Expires June 30, 202			
Public reporting burden for this data nstructions, searching existing data information is required to obtain or n displayed in the upper right corner o burden to: Information Collections M Washington, DC 20472, Paperwork	sources, etain bene of this form fanagement	is estimated to pathering and m fits. You are not Send comment, Department of	average 15 mi iaintaining the t required to re ts regarding th of Homeland S	data needed, and spond to this coll e accuracy of the ecurity, Federal E	se. T corr ectio buro mer	npleting and submitting n of information unless den estimate and any s gency Management Ag	this form. The a valid OME uggestions f gency, 500 C	his collection of control number is or reducing the	
Authority: FEMA is authorized to co 402-403, 406-407, 417, 423, and 42 Public Law No. 111-5, § 601; and "F	27, 42 U.S.	C. 5170a-b, 517	ested pursuant 72-73, 5184, 5	189a, 5189e; The	Am	erican Recovery and R	Emergency einvestment	Assistance Act, § Act of 2009,	
APPLICANT (Political subdivision					DATE SUBMITTED				
COUNTY (Location of Damages.	If located i	n multiple count	ties, please ind	licate)					
		APF	PLICANT PHY	SICAL LOCATIO	N				
STREET ADDRESS									
CITY	COUNTY				STATE	ZIP C	ODE		
MAILING ADDRESS (IF				ferent from Physical Location)					
STREET ADDRESS		MAILING ADD		i in in in ingate		ocuriony			
POST OFFICE BOX	T OFFICE BOX CITY				STATE		ZIP CODE		
Primary Contact/Applicant's Authorized Agent				Alternate Con					
NAME		Anonzea Agen		NAME		Anormale Cont	act		
TITLE				TTLE					
BUSINESS PHONE				BUSINESS PHONE					
FAX NUMBER				FAX NUMBER					
HOME PHONE (Optional)				HOME PHONE (Optional)					
CELL PHONE				CELL PHONE					
E-MAIL ADDRESS				E-MAIL ADDRESS					
PAGER & PIN NUMBER				PAGER & PIN NUMBER					
Did you participate in the Federal/S Private Non-Profit Organization? If yes, which of the facilities identifie		YES	NO		S	NO NO			
Title 44 CFR, part 206.221(e) define custodial care facility, including a fa and such facilities on Indian reserva nomeless shelters, senior citizen ce governmental nature. All such facili	cility for the tions." "Ot nters, reha	e aged or disabl her essential go bilitation facilitie	ed, and other t overnmental se es, shelter wor	facility providing e rvice facility mean kshops and facilit	isser ns m	ntial governmental type useums, zoos, commu	services to I nity centers,	he general public libraries,	
Private Non-Profit Organizations organization is a school or educa							or By-Laws	. If your	
OFFICIAL USE ONLY: FEMA -		-DR-		FIPS	1	DAT	DATE RECEIVED		
FEMA Form 009-0-49 9/16			PREVIOU	S EDITION OB	SOL	ETE			



STAFFORD ACT PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROCESS



Exploratory Call (EC)



- Occurs within 7 days of the FEMA PDMG assignment
- Conference call with FEMA and HSEM
- Introduce FEMA PDMG to Applicant
- Discuss damages at high level
- Schedule date/time for Recovery Scoping Meeting (RSM)

STAFFORD ACT PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROCESS

HOMELAND SECURITY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY



Recovery Scoping Meeting (RSM)



- Scheduled within 21 days of FEMA PDMG assignment
- Staff with knowledge of the incidentrelated damage, emergency activities performed, and related costs attend the meeting (e.g., public works official, finance staff, risk manager).

Review and refine the list of impacts and discuss

- PA delivery process;
- Details of the Applicant's impacts from the incident;
- Hazard mitigation opportunities;
- Eligibility criteria for facilities, work and costs;
- Logical grouping of damage;
- Procurement requirements;
- Insurance reductions and requirements;
- EHP compliance requirements;
- Documentation requirements;
- Interagency Recovery Coordination;
- Deadlines; and
- Appeal process.

STAFFORD ACT PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROCESS

HOMELAND SECURITY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY



Damage Inventory



- Must be submitted within 60 days of RSM
- Identify all possible damages in this incident period! Eligibility will be determined later
- Submitted through Grants Portal
- Excel spreadsheet to log all damages that includes:
 - Category of Work
 - Facility/Damage Name
 - Address, including Lat/Long
 - Description of damages (L x W x D)
 - Approximate Cost
 - % Work Complete
 - Labor Type
 - Priority

Project Formulation



- Site Inspections may take place before projects are formulated
- Formulate incident-related damage and work into projects based on logical groupings of the damage and category of work
- Remember: Who, What, Where, Why, and How... when documenting damages

Project Formulation



- Identify & Report Damages (Damage Inventory)
 must be completed within 60 days of RSM
- Develop Scope of Work (SOW)
- Develop Project Cost
- Provide Project Documentation

DR-4771 – FFY 24 Project Thresholds



- Small Projects \$3,900
- Large Projects \$1,037,000
- If a project's total cost falls below the small project threshold, the project would be considered **not eligible**
- Projects with a total cost of this amount or greater are <u>large</u> projects
- Adjusted each Federal Fiscal Year (FFY)
- Based on the final approved amount of eligible costs

Small v. Large Projects



Small Projects

- Payment is made at the time of project approval based on an estimate, or actual costs if they are known.
- FEMA does not reconcile costs at project completion. If the estimate is greater than the actual cost, the Subrecipient may retain leftover funding. Cost overruns can be addressed via a project amendment.

Large Projects

- Award funding based on estimated costs and project funding is later reconciled based on documented actual costs.
- Project payments are made to the Applicant (through the Recipient) as actual costs are documented. Reimbursement requests showing proof of payment are required to receive funds.

Project Completion Deadlines



Project completion deadlines begin on the disaster declaration date.

- Emergency work must be completed by **October 19, 2024** (6 months)
- Permanent work must be completed by **October 19, 2025** (18 months)
- Extensions may be requested from the Recipient (State) for an additional 6 months for emergency work and up to 30 months for permanent work. FEMA must approve extensions outside of these limits.

Documentation



Audit and Document Retention Policies

- Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report per <u>2 CFR § 200.334</u>.
- Records are subject to audit by State auditors, FEMA, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security Office of Inspector General, and the U.S. Government Accountability Office.

Timelines & Deadlines



Applying For Public Assistance

- Applicants must submit a Request for Public Assistance (RPA) to FEMA through the Recipient within **30 days** of the designation of the declared disaster area.
- RPAs Must Be Submitted to HSEM by May 17, 2024.

Identify and Report Damage

 The Applicant is required to identify and report all disaster-related damage, emergency work activities, and debris quantities to FEMA within <u>60 days</u> of the Recovery Scoping Meeting (RSM).

Appeals

Any determination of ineligibility related to Federal assistance may be appealed. The appeal
must be submitted to the Recipient within <u>60 days</u> of receipt of notice of the action which is
being appealed. Time extensions are not permitted.

Required Post-Award Monitoring



Applicant Risk Assessment (RA) and Current Audit

- Current Audits and RA's will be required prior to funds being awarded to the applicant.
- Completed to determine if additional post-award monitoring is required.

Quarterly Progress Reports (QPR)

 – QPRs are required by FEMA for all Large Projects and Management Costs Projects until the project has been closed by FEMA.



Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

 This form is required for any project equal to or greater than \$30,000.

Project Completion and Certification Report (PCCR)

 Once all funds are awarded for a project, the applicant will complete the PCCR certifying that all work related to the project has been completed.

Important/Helpful Resources



Grants Portal

- FEMA Grants Portal Login
- If you do not have access to Grants Portal, please contact <u>nhpa@dos.nh.gov</u> for assistance.

Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide (PAPPG)

- FEMA Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide Version 4
- PAPPG v4 applies to all disasters declared after June 1, 2020.

Public Assistance Simplified Procedures

• FEMA Policy: Public Assistance Simplified Procedures

Important/Helpful Resources



Procurement Training Video

Understanding PA - Procurement and Contract
 Guidance

Schedule of Equipment Rates

• FEMA - Schedule of Equipment Rates 2023

PA Independent Study Courses



Suggested Emergency Management Institute Courses

- -<u>IS 1000-1026: Public Assistance Specific Courses</u>
- IS 393b: Introduction to Hazard Mitigation
- IS 403: Introduction to Individual Assistance
- -<u>IS 559: Local Damage Assessment</u>

Contact: M&R Staff



Austin Brown

Chief of Mitigation and Recovery

Dena Norman

Assistant Chief of Mitigation 603-223-8624

Danielle Duggins

Assistant Chief of Recovery 603-271-7593 Each program has a specific inbox:

Hazard Mitigation NH.HM@dos.nh.gov

Public Assistance NHPA@dos.nh.gov

Individual Assistance IA.NH@dos.nh.gov